

Figures for populations in desperate need of life-saving assistance now stand at 12.4 million people.

The launch of the **Humanitarian Requirements Document** for the Horn of Africa drought will take place Friday 29 July in Geneva. Providing donors with an immediate overview of most critical needs across the Horn, the document covers Somalia, Kenya, Ethiopia, and Djibouti.

The Humanitarian Requirements Document draws on the latest updates of each country's humanitarian plan to outline both the needs and response plans arising from the drought, both country-specific and with a regional overview. It will reflect the major emergency revisions of the Somalia and Kenya CAPs currently being prepared by the Humanitarian Country Teams.

Day By Day

- 1,300 new refugees are arriving daily in Kenya from Somalia, to transit points and to the Dabaab camps
- Some 1,000 IDPs arrive to Mogadishu daily
- Several hundred Somalis are arriving in Ethiopia daily (a reduction from nearly 2,000 a day one month ago)
- Estimates indicate up to 2,500 people in southern Somalia will be dying of starvation each day by the end of August (USAID, 27 July)

Between July 15 and July 22 the total number of people in need of assistance rose by 858,145. An increase of another 817,379 people since July 22 means over 1.6 million more people are in need of assistance than less than a fortnight ago.

In addition to the documented, daily IDP flows, refugee numbers are rising fast as those in camps are successfully registered.

Country	Local	Somali refugees*	Other refugees**	Total
Djibouti	146,600	16,917	1,510	165,027
Kenya	3,200,000***	447,897	77,777	3,725,674
Somalia	3,700,000			3,700,000
Ethiopia	4,567,256	155,395	78,042	4,800,693
TOTAL	11,613,856	620,209	157,329	12,391,394

SOURCES:

*UNHCR update 25 July 2011

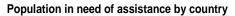
** Djibouti - HCR email 28 July, HCR website; Ethiopia: "UNHCR map Ethiopia Map: Populations of concern to UNHCR as of 20 June 2011"; Kenya: UNHCR map "registered refugees as of June 2011"

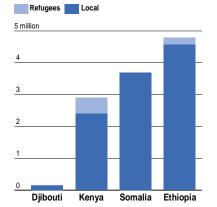
\$ 1.4 billion STILL NEEDED

Without the needed additional voluntary contributions, it is anticipated that the impact of the famine may spread throughout southern Somalia and over the borders into neighbouring countries within the coming one to two months.

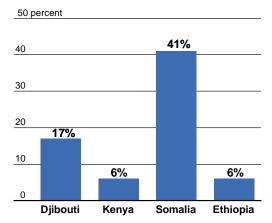
Of the affected countries, Ethiopia has the highest absolute number of affected population as well as affected refugees, followed closely by Somalia (*left hand chart*)

However, when the population in need of assistance is looked at as a percentage of the total country population, Djibouti is 2nd-worst affected (right hand chart)





Population in need of assistance as a percentage of total population



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^{***}Provisional figure for Kenya