

Workshop on Cyber Security & Cyber Crime Policies

Policies for African Diplomats

ROLE OF INTERPOL IN FIGHTING CYBERCRIME IN AFRICA

SRIAU Office

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OVERVIEW

- Vision and Mission
- Global Presence
- **❖ Global Programmes: Crime piority areas**
- Types of Cybercrime in Africa
- Cyber Incident Response Plans
- Regional Responses
- **❖ INTERPOL's global cybercrime strategy.**
- * The Role of SRIAU





INTERPOL'S VISION & MISSION

- Vision : Connecting police for a safer world
- Mission: Preventing and fighting crime through enhanced international police cooperation

This is done by:

- Facilitating international police cooperation
- Ensuring secure communication
- Providing operational support to member countries
- Training to enhance capabilities of law enforcement agencies to combat organised crime.

GLOBAL PRESENCE





INTERPOL's GLOBAL PROGRAMMES

Crime Priority Areas

COUNTER-TERRORISM

- TerroristNetworks
- Maritime Security
- CBRNE

ORGANIZED & EMERGING CRIME

- Illicit Goods & CounterfeitPharmaceuticals.
- Drug Trafficking
- THB PeopleSmuggling
- Environmental crimes.

CYBERCRIME

- Borderless crime
- Make cyberspace safer.
- Identify cyber attacks& perpetrators

Types of Cybercrime in Africa

- Hacking
- Denial of service attack
- Virus Dissemination
- Computer Vandalism
- Cyber Terrorism
- Software Piracy

Threats of Cybercrime in Africa



- Internet Security
- Computer Security
- Mobile security
 (Online Business
 Services)
 - **Network security**

Cyber Incident Response Plans in Africa



- Develop national Cybercrimes and Cybersecurity legislations in line with relevant international conventions & model laws.
- Mitigate & manage potential cyber security breaches (organizations/clients/customers).
- Gather threat intelligence on a regular basis to avoid any gaps in protection, IT to be improved as necessary.

Cyber Incident Response Plans in Africa (cont...)

- Conduct an IT risk assessment by data & network mapping to determine data, assets & devices the business holds & value.
- Engage government authorities to develop cyber security protocols & necessary funding for implementation.
- Set up a regional response team (with back-ups) with members of business functions, IT legal, etc.
- Publish companies policies on cyber security & response to all staff.
- Updated training of personnel on a regular basis

Regional Responses



- Develop a common regional policy framework rooted in the broader cybercrime strategy;
- •Enhance of operational information & expertise between public & private sectors to combat cybercrime;
- •Establish a regional real-time information sharing & analytical platform for enabling INTERPOL& LEA users worldwide to conduct research & analysis on cybercrime;
- Develop a comprehensive analytical intelligence reports on cybercrime in Africa;
- Adherence on Annual African Working GroupMeeting on Cybercrime for Heads of cybercrime

INTERPOL's Global Cybercrime Strategy

Five Action Streams



- Threat Assessment & AnalysisTrends Monitoring.
- Access to & Exploitation of RawData
- E-Evidence ManagementProcess
- Correlation of Cyber & Physical Information.
- Harmonization & Interoperability

INTERPOL Policing Capabilities for Cyberspace



- Information Sharing & Analysis
- Global Coordination in Cybercrime Investigations.
- Digital Forensics
- Cyber Training

Cyber Fusion Center (IGCI) - Singapore

Specialized Officers in Partnership with public/private sector in Member Countries

- Identify active cybercriminal groups & their membership.
- Collect, exchange, analyse & store information about cyber criminals & their activities.
- Assist member countries to build national digital forensic capacity & multi-stakeholder expertise.
- Provide analytical support on complex cyber crime investigations to member countries.

CONCLUSION

- Young population that is quickly using new technologies, Africa is on the verge of an Internet boom.
- Africa needs to urgently address efforts to combat cybercrime & improve its cyber security attitude.
- INTERPOL will continue its efforts to facilitate and effectively coordinate joint operations against cybercrime.
- to produce and distribute actionable intelligence to mitigate risks posed by cybercrime, while drawing on private-sector experience, using INTERPOL Cyber Fusion Centre.
- Member countries in Africa should increase their understanding of Internet governance to actively voice the regional needs.



I thank you for your attention Je vous remercie pour votre attention

Gracias por su atención

نشكركم جزيل الشكر على انتباهكم